## LASER SCANNING OF TEST SETUP

BOOST THE VALUE OF VEHICLE SAFETY SIMULATION

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### Introduction

- Out of Position Load Case and Road Statistics
- Injuries
- Test and simulation setup
- First test and simulation
- Sensitivity study on dummy position
- 3 Dimensional Scanning of dummy
- Correlation of simulation and test
- Simulation vs. test
- Conclusion





















#### Out of Position

#### What is Out of Position?

- Adult/Child seated out of position
- Airbag deployment in a low severity crash
- Currently no legal requirements
- In-house acceptance criteria

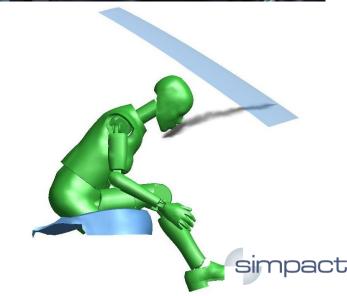
#### Road Statistics

- Airbags saves 1000's of lives ... but
- In USA alone 168 deaths due to OOP

### Aim of simulation and testing

- Simulate/test several types of OOP
- Extract and analyze dummy loads
- Test new airbag designs, fold patterns etc.
- Improve safety of Airbags

















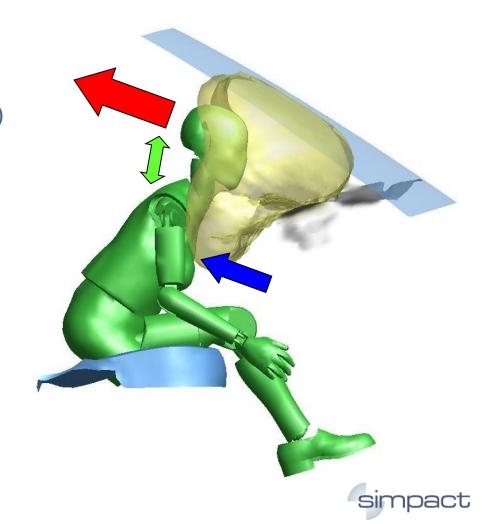






## Injuries

- Head Injuries
  - **HIC** (Head Impact Criteria)
  - Acceleration of head
- Neck Injuries
  - NIJ (Neck Injuries)
  - Forces exerted to neck
- Chest Injuries
  - Chest acceleration
  - Chest compression





















## Test and Simulation Setup

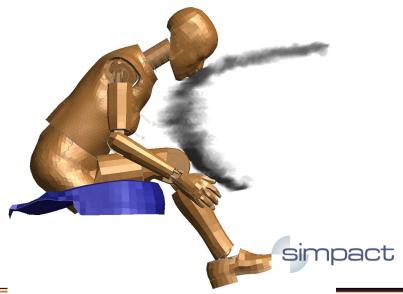
#### Test Setup

- Passenger Airbag Module
- Generic rig (no BIW available)
- Generic IP and seat
- Hybrid III 5%'ile Female Dummy
- Dummy positioned to CAD using an SAE 2D dummy



## • Simulation Setup LS-DYNA

- Correlated Passenger Airbag
- Latest Design Level BIW, IP and seat
- Hybrid III 5%'ile Female CAE Dummy
- Dummy positioned to In house guidelines and within dummy limits















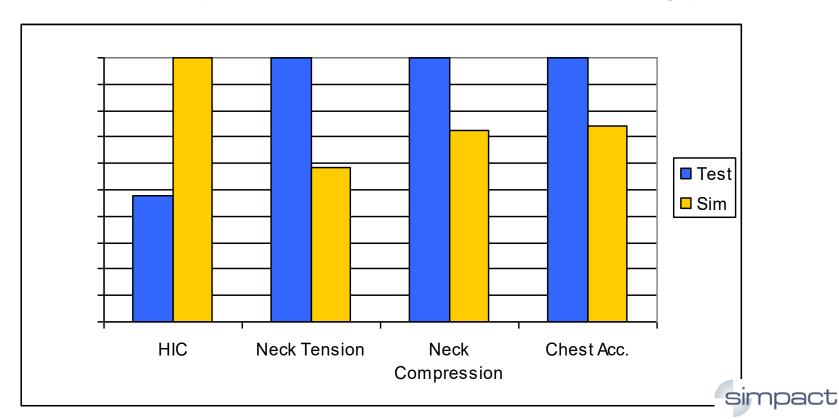






### First Test and Simulation

- Less than good results
- Poor correlation although similar trends
- Possible explanation → differences in dummy position



experimental techniques in industrial applications





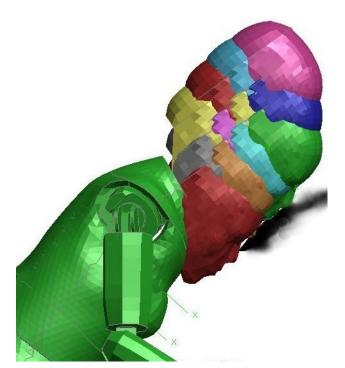


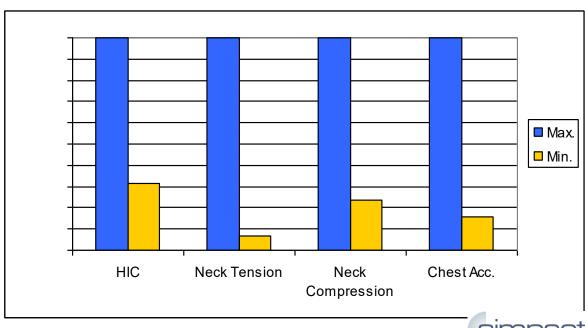




## Sensitivity Study on Dummy Position

- Sensitivity study through simulation
- 12 Different dummy positions simulated
- Substantial differences in injuries
- Synchronisation of FEA and test dummies necessary





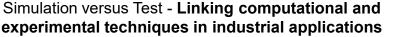












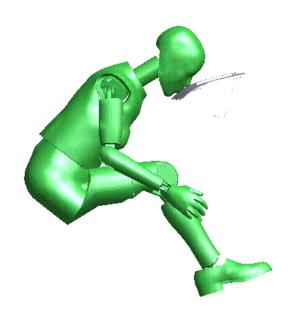


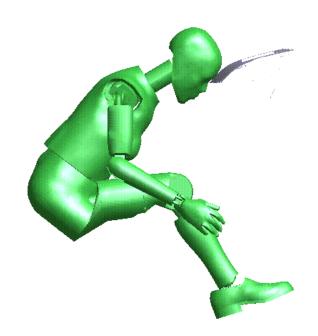






# Sensitivity Study on Dummy Position



























### 3D Scanning

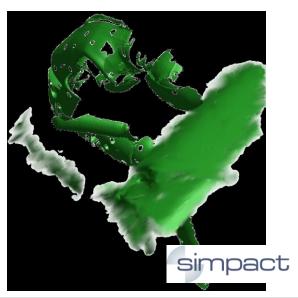
### Scanning Setup

- Latest design buck including IP and seat
- Dummy positioned using correct guidelines
- Setup and scanning time about 2 hours
- Scanned surfaces used as master for both test and simulation







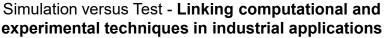














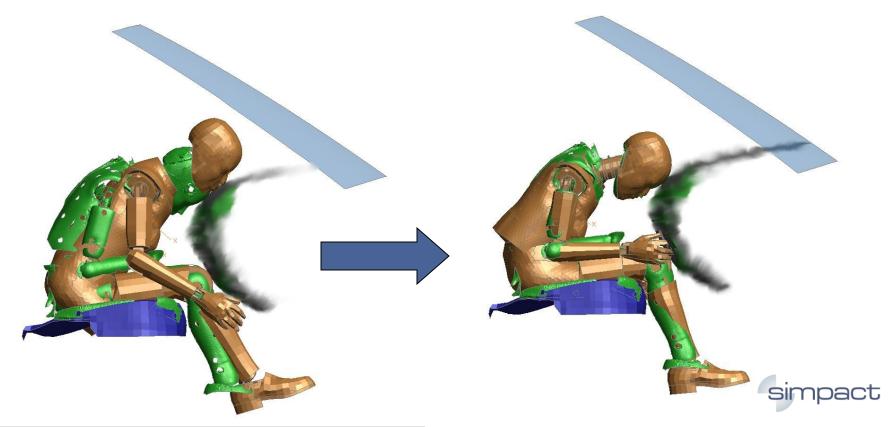






## Synchronisation of FEA and Test Dummies

- Scanned master surfaces overlaid with simulation model
- FEA dummy repositioned
- Test dummy repositioned with input from FEA dummy













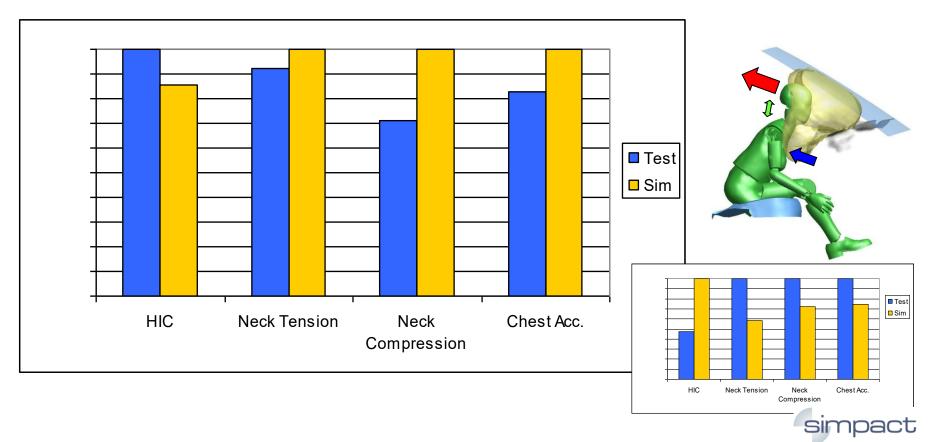






## Correlating Simulation and Test

- Improved results
- Better correlation ... (with room for further improvement)















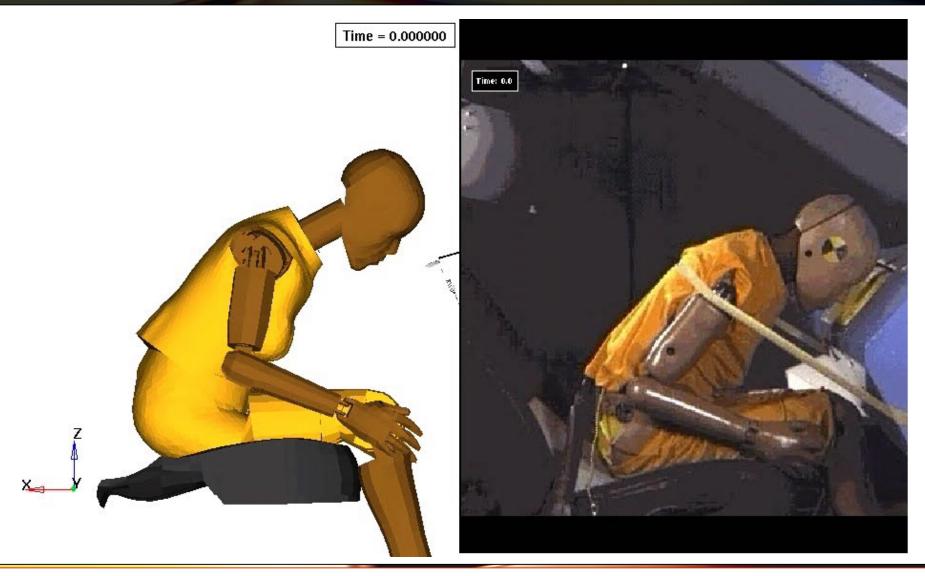








# Correlating Simulation and Test





















### Simulation vs. Test

## Simulation vs. Test

- + DOE
- + Robustness
- + Sensitivity
- + Latest design level
- + Speed of change
- + Repeatability
- Uniform Pressure PAB
- CFD still too time consuming

- Reality Check +
- Airbag changes +
- Proof of airbag module +
  - Expensive -
- Non-representative rig parts -
  - Test to test variation -
  - Slow speed of change -





















### Conclusion

- A sound correlation between simulation and testing
- → springboard has been created for parallel development
- The synergy between test and simulation and with the aid of 3D scanning → significant reduction in both development time and risk
- Ultimately → A safer airbag design



















